

**@just\_takeabreak** 

# JUST TAKE ALESSON

Small steps to your success in learning English

**WEEK 15 & 16** 

TIP:

Quizzes can be found every day on our Instagram



- PHRASAL VERBS come
- PHRASAL VERBS
  cut
- PAST PERFECT zaprzeszły
- FUTURE PERFECT przyszły zakończony
- LISTENING matura podstawowa
- LISTENING

  matura rozszerzona

15 & 16





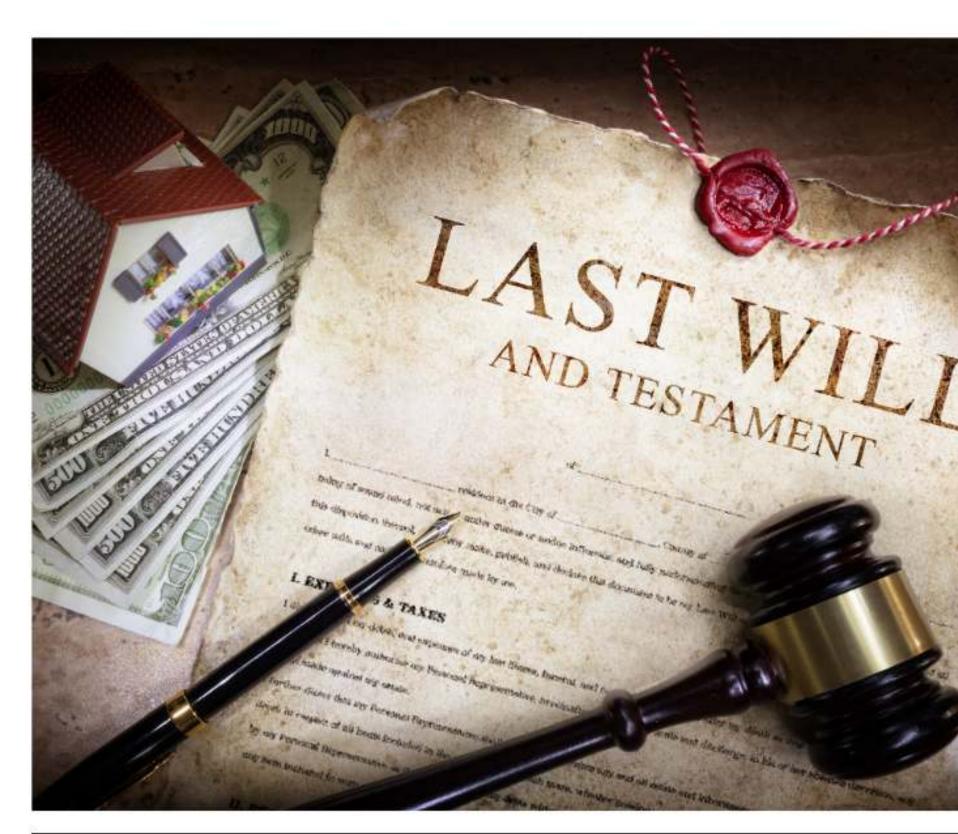
## COME ON - WE'RE GOING TO BE LATE IF YOU DON'T HURRY!





## SHE **CAME INTO**A BIT OF MONEY WHEN HER GRANDFATHER DIED.

IF SOMEONE COMES
INTO MONEY, PROPERTY, OR A TITLE,
THEY RECEIVE IT AS A RESULT OF
THE DEATH OF A RELATION









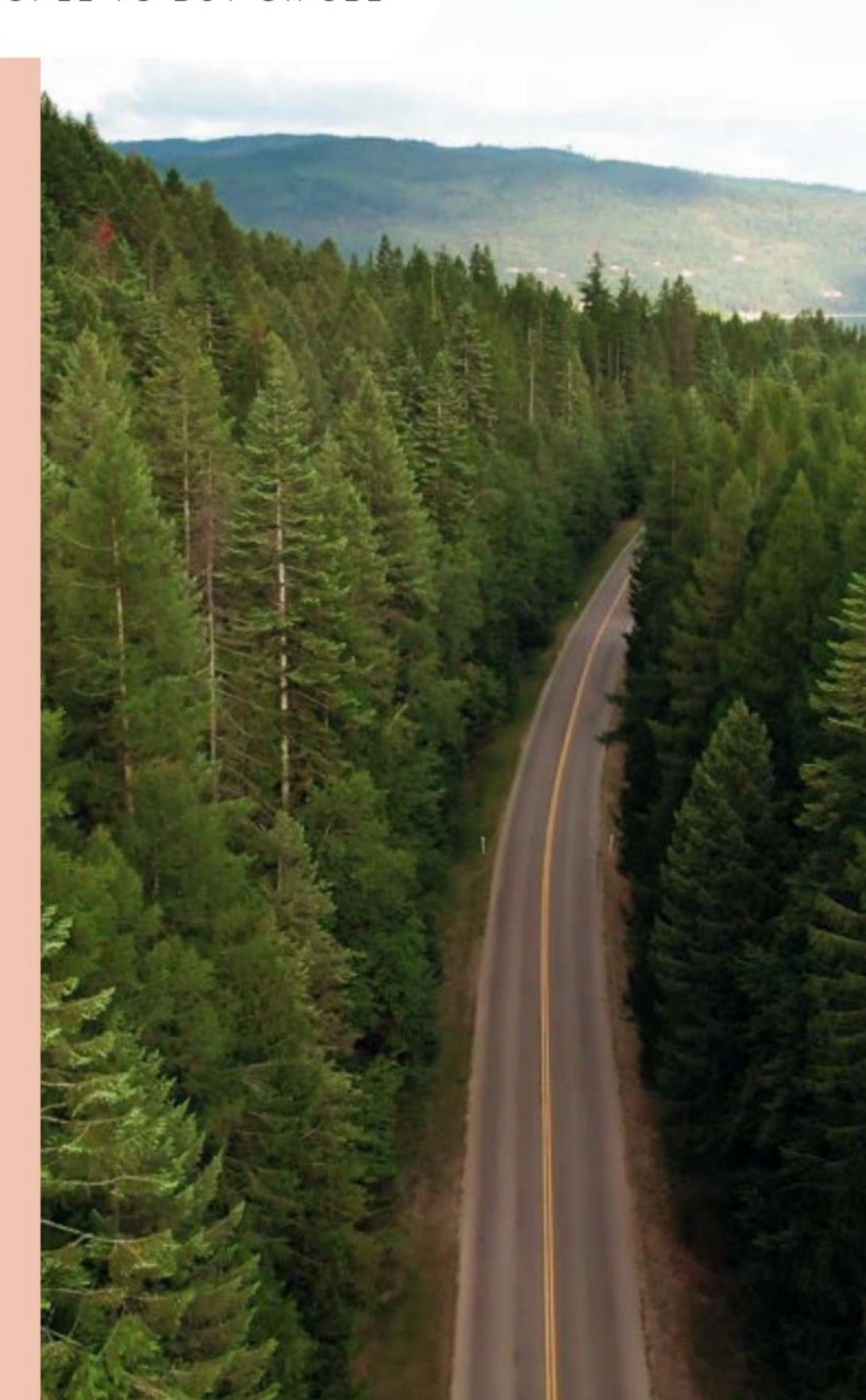
## WHEN DOES THEIR NEW FILM COME OUT?

IF A BOOK, RECORD, FILM, ETC.

COMES OUT,

IT BECOMES AVAILABLE

FOR PEOPLE TO BUY OR SEE

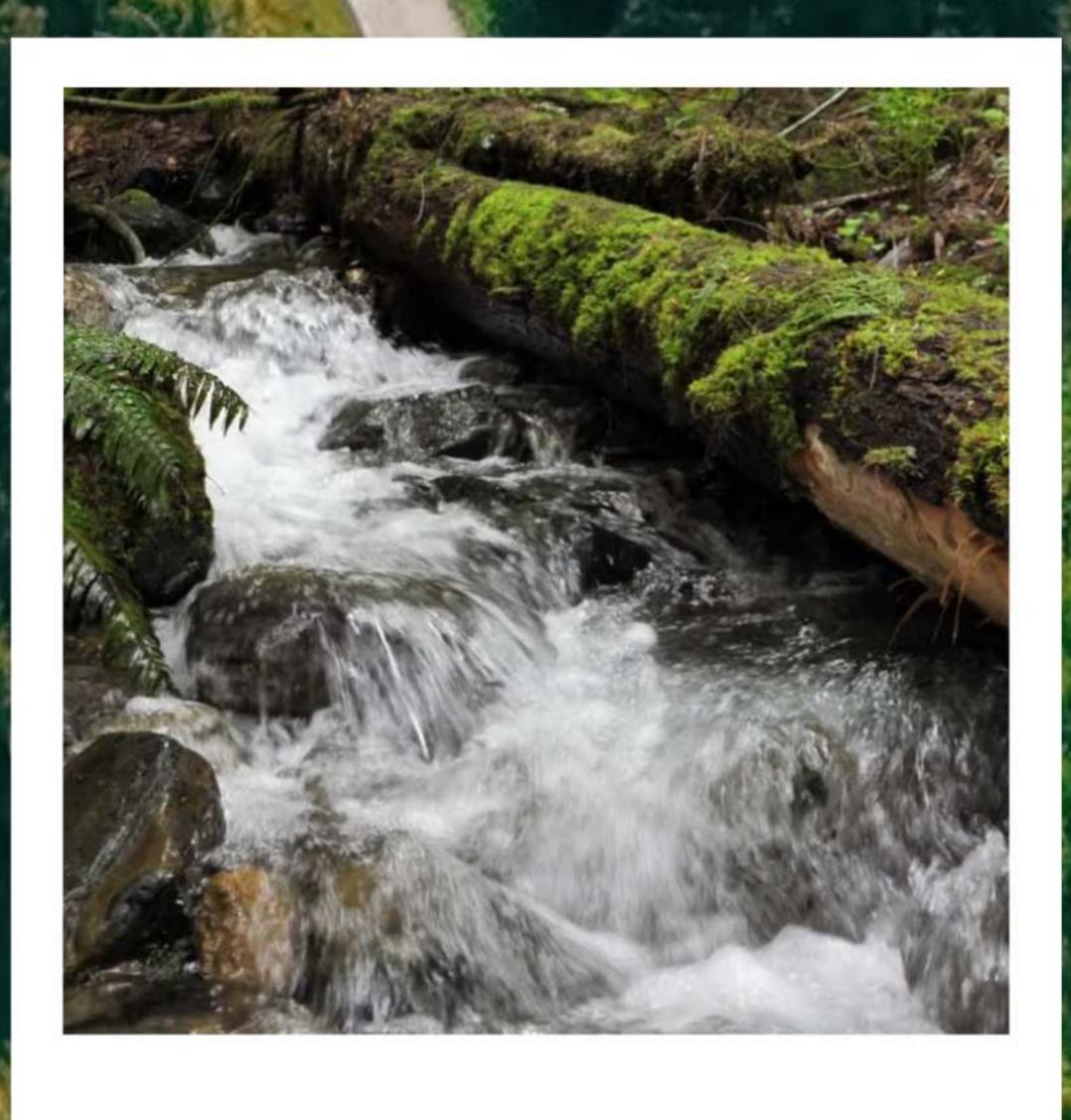




#### WHAT POINTS CAME UP AT THE MEETING?

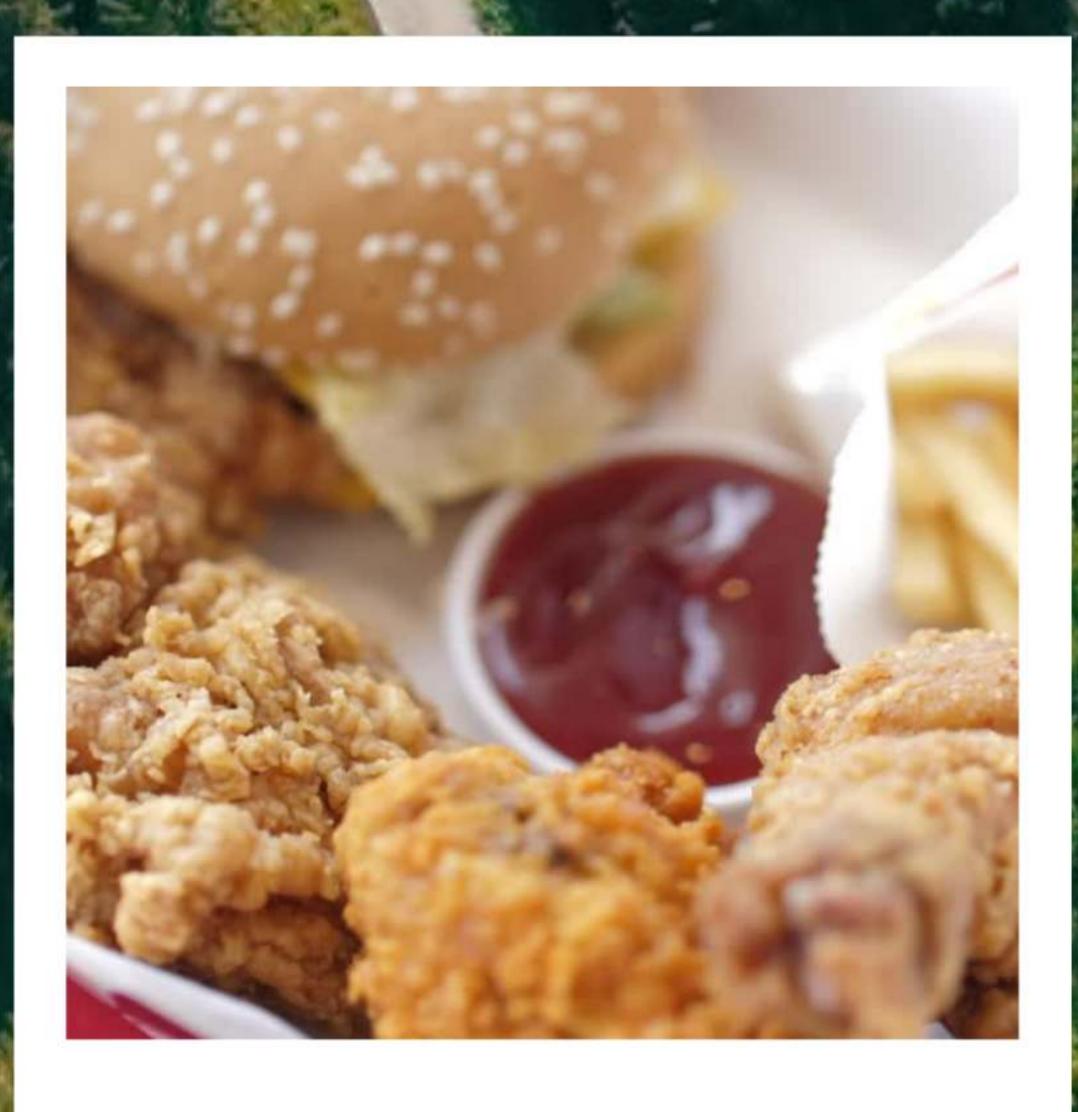
TO BE MENTIONED OR TALKED ABOUT IN CONVERSATION





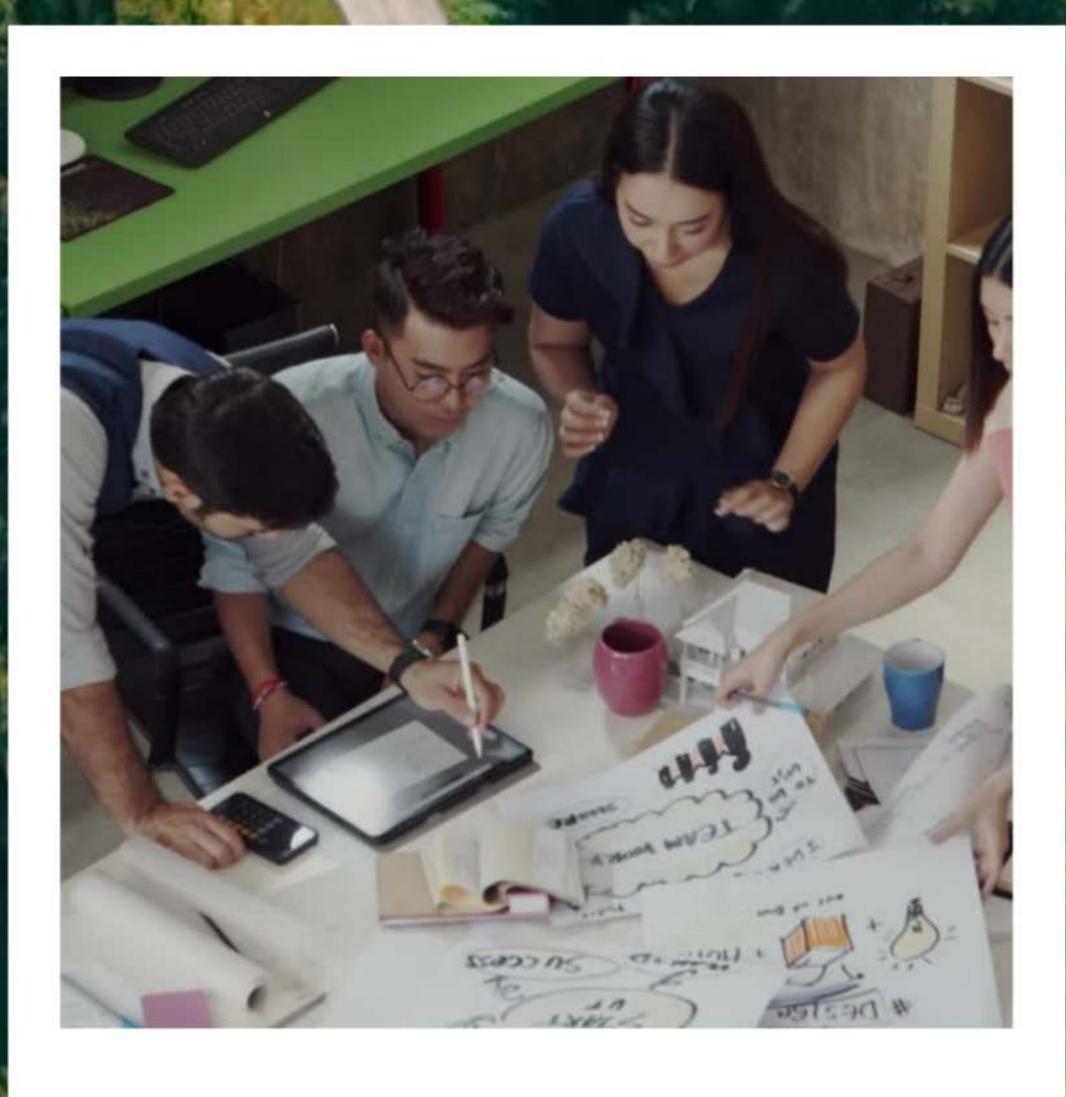
If we <u>cut across</u>
the stream,
it'll save time.

to go straight from one side of an area to another instead of going around



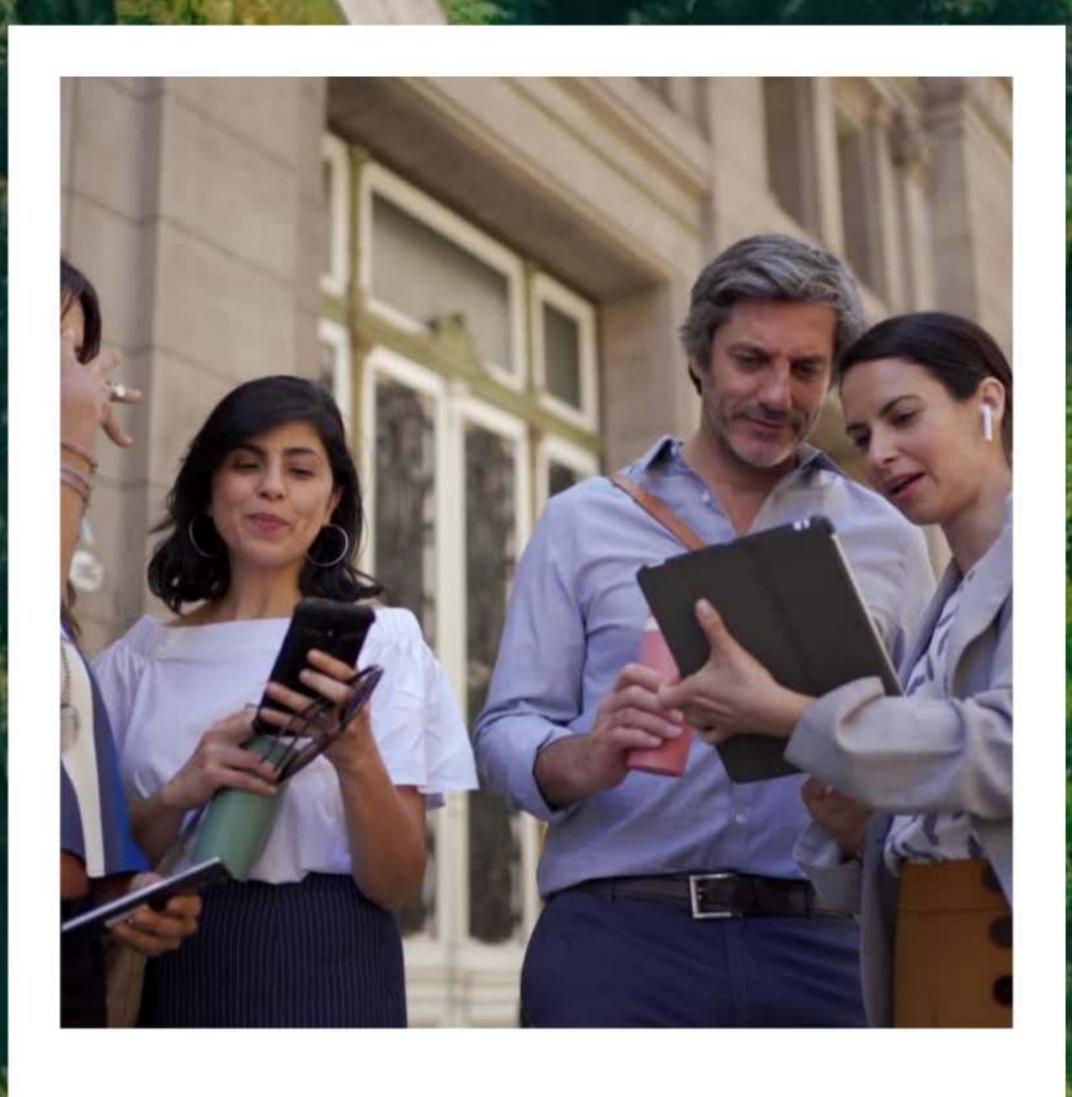
I'm trying to <u>cut down on</u> junk food I eat.

to eat or drink less of a particular thing, usually in order to improve your health



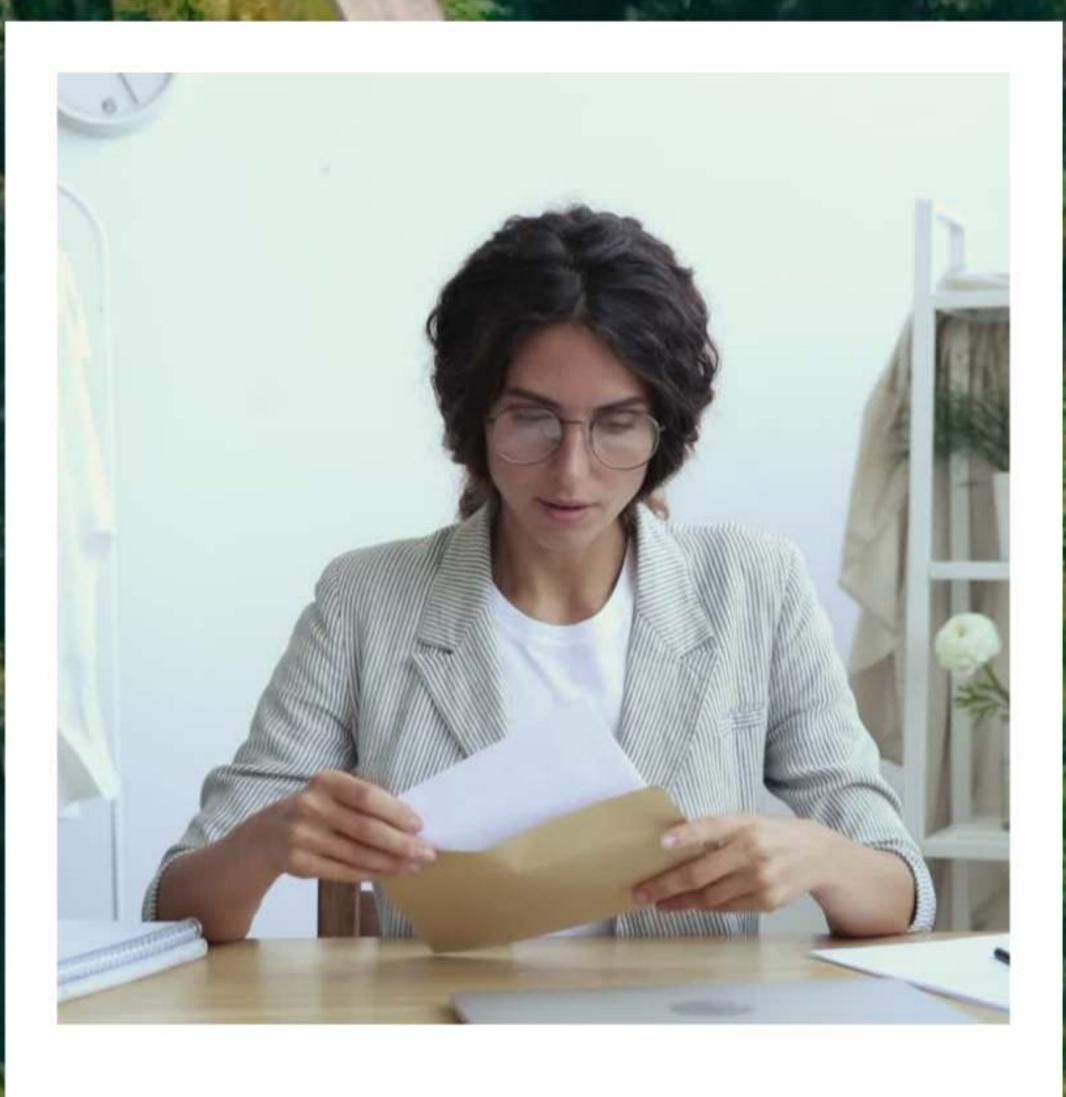
This new system should cut down the time spent in meetings.

to reduce the amount or number of something



I was just talking to Kate, when Chris <u>cut it</u>.

to interrupt what someone is saying by saying something yourself



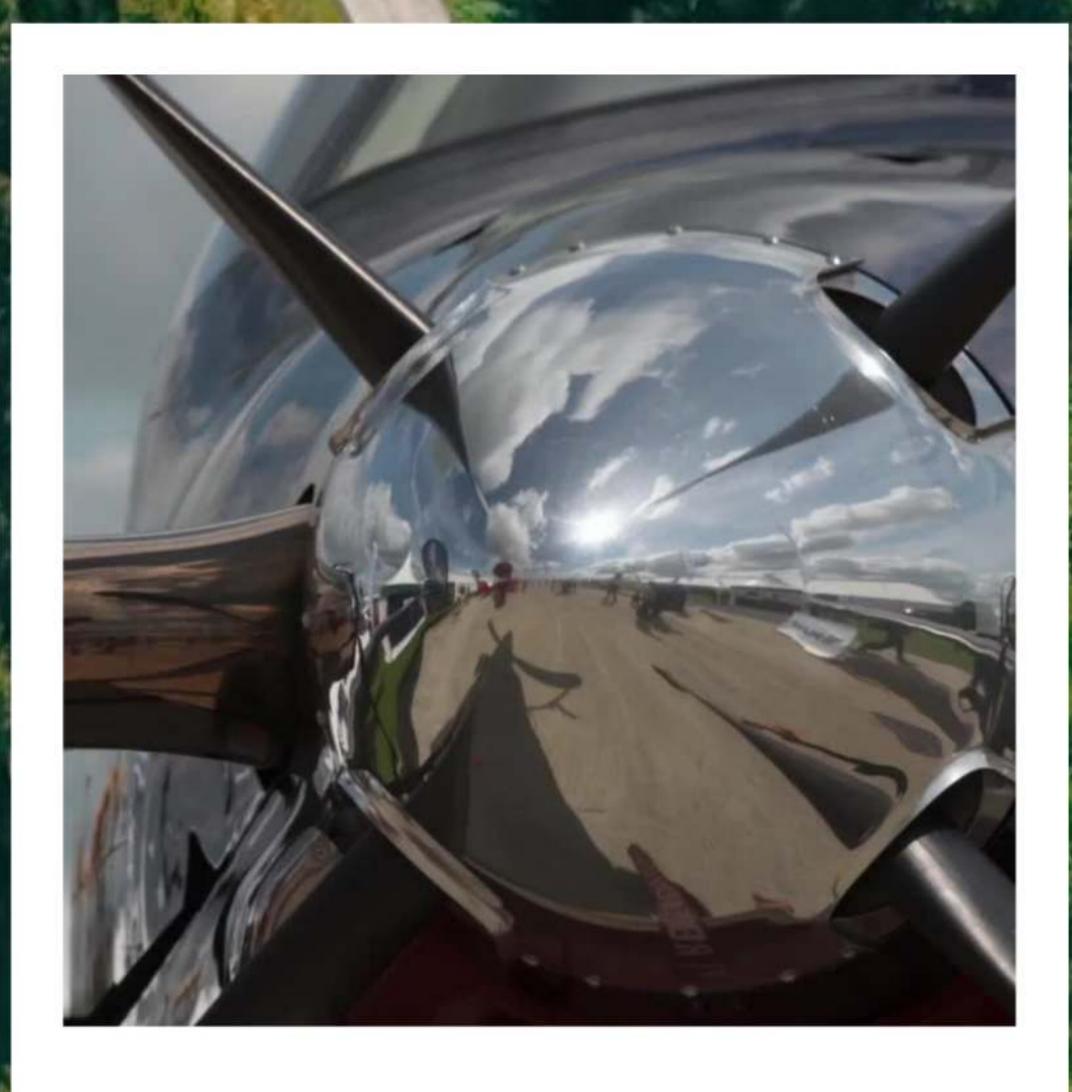
If this bill is not paid within five days, your gas supply will be cut off.

to stop providing something such as electricity, supplies, etc.



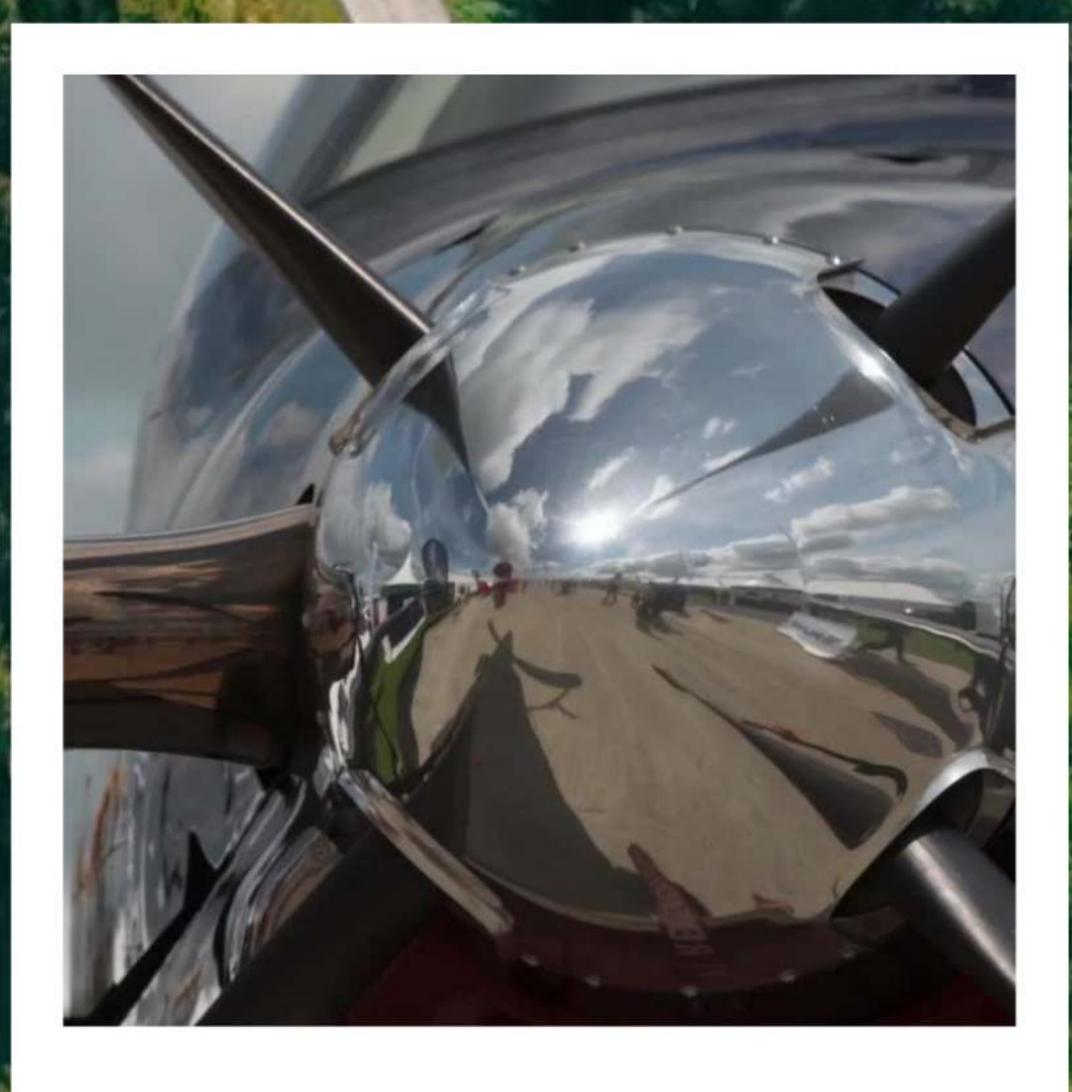
They <u>cut off</u> all the overhanging branches.

to remove a part of something to make it smaller or shorter, using a sharptool such as a knife



One of the plane's engines cut out, so they had to land with only one.

If an engine, machine, or piece of equipment cuts out, it suddenly stops working



One of the plane's engines cut out, so they had to land with only one.

If an engine, machine, or piece of equipment cuts out, it suddenly stops working



# THE MAN SITTING NEXT TO ME ON THE PLANE WAS VERY NERVOUS. HE .... BEFORE.

A. hasn't flown





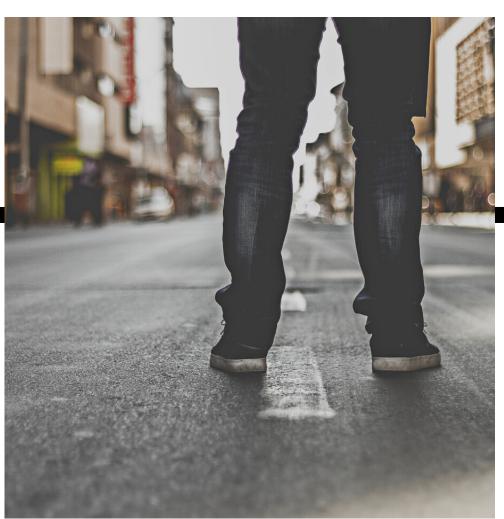
#### KATE DIDN'T WANT TO COME TO THE CINEMA WITH US BECAUSE SHE ... THAT FILM.

A. has already seen

B. had already seen









#### AT FIRST I THOUGHT I .... THE RIGHT THING, BUT I SOON REALISED THAT .... A SERIOUS MISTAKE.



A. did / has made B. had done / had made



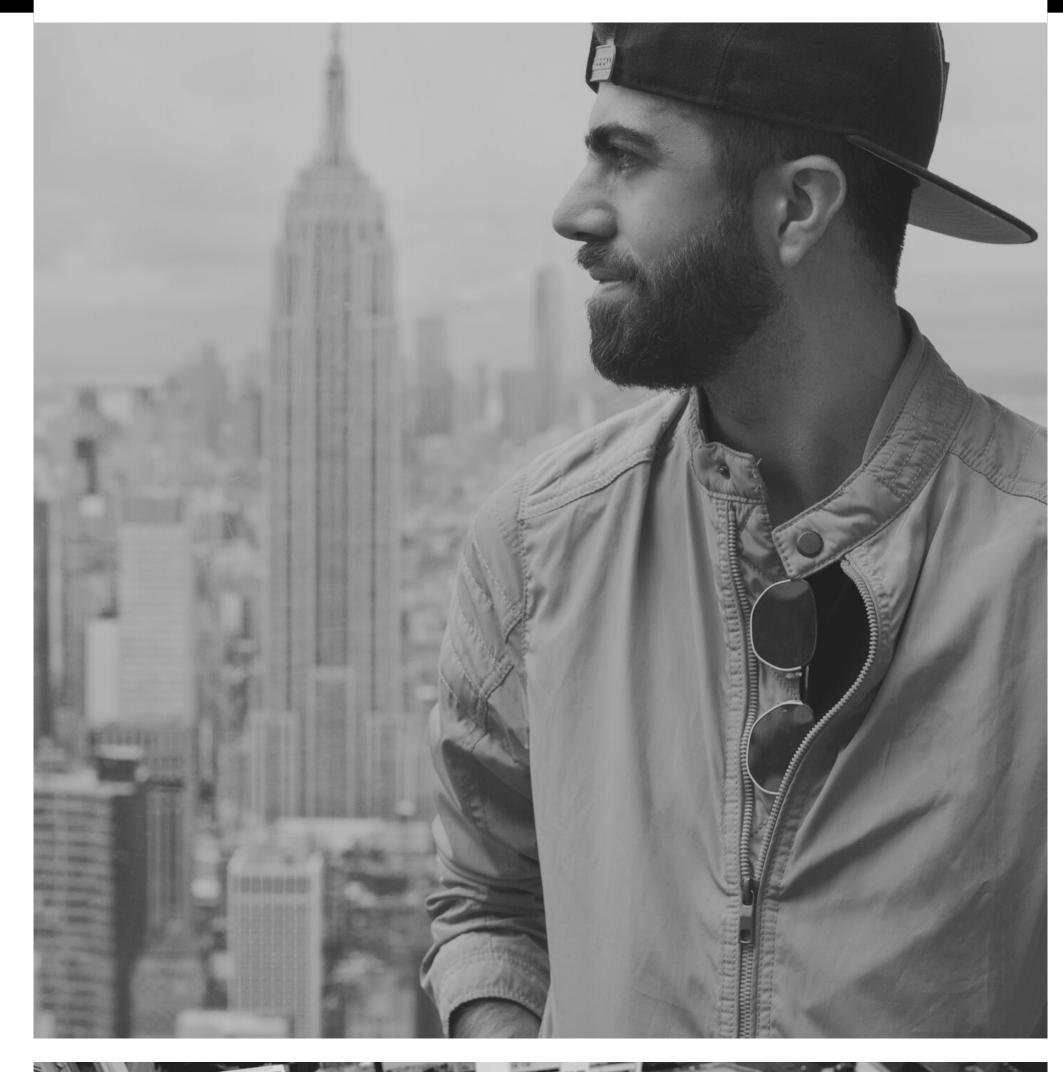
### WHEN ANNA ARRIVED AT THE PARTY, CHRIS .....





# -WAS TOM AT THE PARTY WHEN YOU ARRIVED? -YES, BUT HE .... HOME AFTERWWARDS.

A. went B. had gone





# WHEN WE GOT HOME LAST NIGHT, WE FOUND THAT SOMEBODY .... INTO THE FLAT.

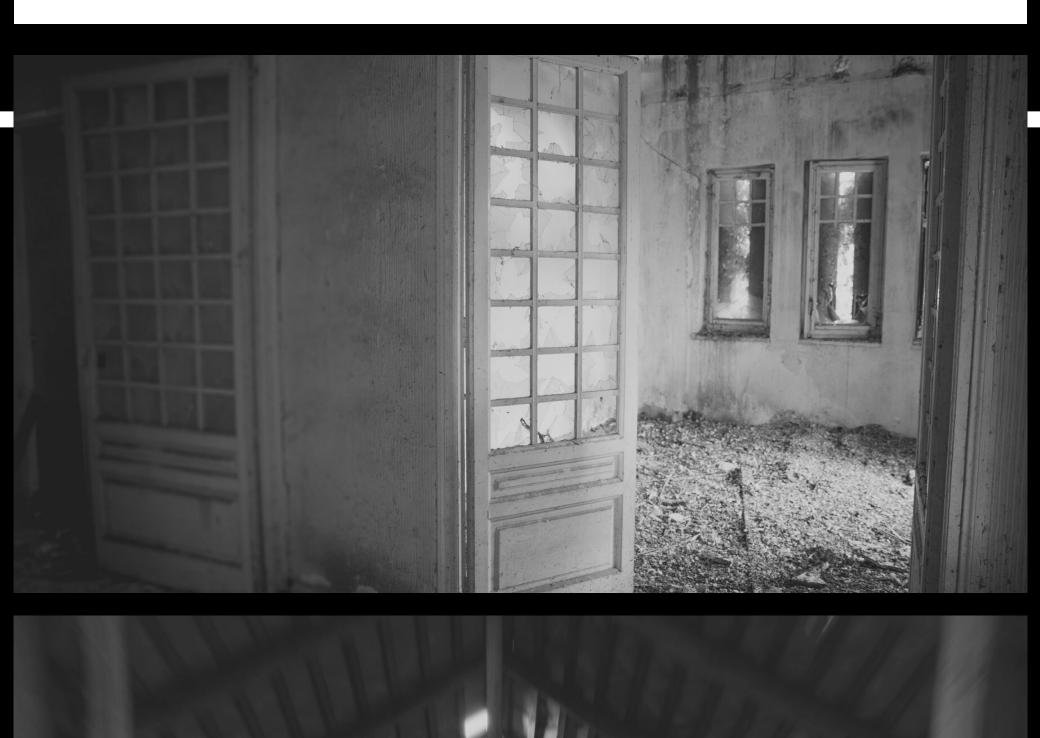






#### THE FLAT WAS DIRTY. THEY .... IT FOR WEEKS.







## PAST PERFECT

CZAS ROZPRAWIĆ SIĘ Z TYMI PONOĆ PERFEKCYJNYMI CZASAMI:-)

PRESENT PERFECT BYŁ JUŻ TU KILKA RAZY, WIĘC CZAS NA PAST PERFECT, A KILKA STRON DALEJ FUTURE PERFECT.

Tak na szybko przypomnę Present Perfect, bo przyda Ci się do zrozumienia Past Perfect.

Konstrukcja Present Perfect:

has/have + III forma czasownika

Użycie Present Perfect vs Past Simple:

Present Perfect	Past Simple
- nie wiemy kiedy	<ul> <li>wiemy, kiedy, czasem wynika to z kontekstu np. opowieści lub z info w poprzednim zdaniu</li> </ul>
- jeśli widać skutek	<ul> <li>ważny jest czas wykonania czynno- ści</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>mówimy ile sztuk, ile razy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>pytamy, kiedy coś się wydarzyło</li> </ul>
_ just, already, yet	- last Monday, last week etc
ever, never, before, doświadczenia	yesterday, ago,
- lately, recently	when I was 12, the other day
- for, since (w znaczeniu od)	for (w przez, okres skończony)
- this afternoon, month, year, jeśli na- dal trwa	- this afternoon, jak już jest wieczór
<ul> <li>today, the first/second/third time</li> </ul>	- in 2019

## PAST PERFECT

Konstrukcja Past Perfect:

HAD + III FORMA CZASOWNIKA

I had arrived. (I'd arrived.)
I hadn't arrived.
Had he arrived?

PAST PERFECT MA PRAKTYCZNIE TAKIE SAMO UŻYCIE JAK JEGO BRAT PRESENT PERFECT.

NAJWAŻNIEJSZA RÓŻNICA TO PUNKT ODNIESIENIA.

**Present Perfect** 



NOW (teraźniejszość)

Past Perfect



THEN (przeszłość)

**Present Perfect:** 

Who is that girl? I've never seen her before.

Past Perfect:

I didn't know who she was. I'd never seen her before.

# A A B A A A

## PAST PERFECT

JAK WIESZ, JA DUŻO MÓWIĘ O ZWIĄZKACH.

Past Perfect, czyli nasz czas zaprzeszły, zdecydowanie ma słabość do Past Simple.

Bardzo często występują razem w zdaniu lub w kontekście.

Jakby nie patrzeć:

ZAPRZESZŁOŚĆ BEZ PRZESZŁOŚCI NIE ISTNIEJE

The house **was** dirty.
They **hadn't cleaned** it for weeks.

Yesterday I **was** late at work. My car **had broken down** on my way.

yesterday

now

## PAST PERFECT

#### UWAGA NA TAKIE SYTUACJE:

Was Ann at home when you arrived? No, she had already gone out.

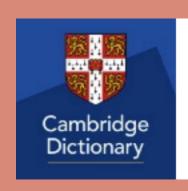
Ale:

Was Ann at home when you arrived? Yes, but she went out immidiately.

CZYNNOŚĆ JEDNA PO DRUGIEJ W KOLEJNOŚCI CHRONOLOGICZNEJ TO PAST SIMPLE, PAST SIMPLE, PAST SIMPLE...

#### Więcej o tym czasie tu:

https://dictionary.cambridge.org/pl/grammar/britishgrammar/past-perfect-simple-i-had-worked?
q=Past+perfect+simple%3A+uses



Past perfect simple ( I had worked ) -English Grammar Today - Cambridge...

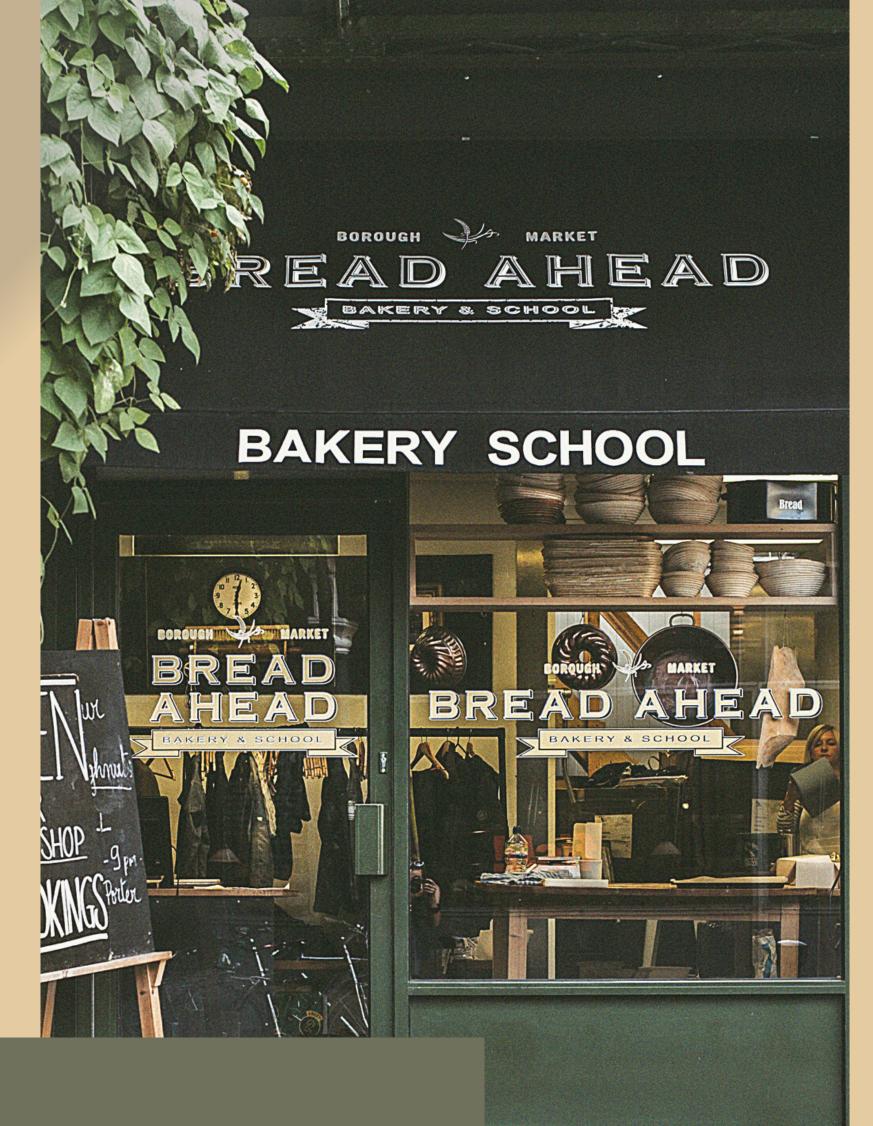
Past perfect simple ( I had worked ) - English Grammar Today-Cambridge Dictionary- punkt...

cambridge.org



Future Perfect

#justtakealesson



Phone me after 8 o'clock. I .... breakfast by then.

- a. will be finishing
- b, will have finished







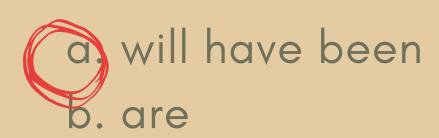
Next month my parents .... together for thirty years.

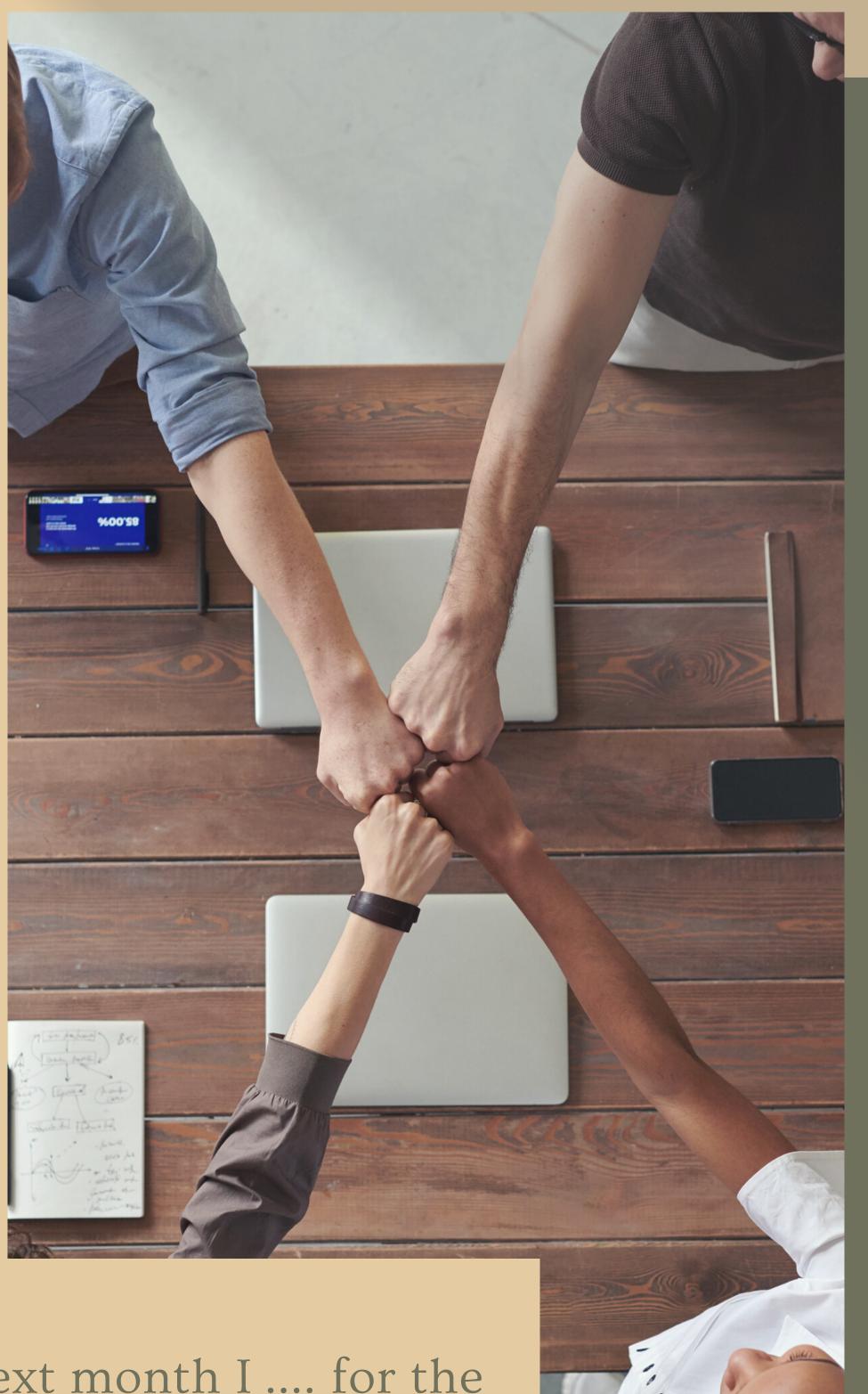
a. are going to be b. will have been





At the end of this month, they .... in their house for one year.





Next month I .... for the company for six years.

a. will have worked b. will be working





The holidays .... by 31st August.

a. will be finishing

b. will have finished



## FUTURE PERFECT

NO TO JAK WYGLĄDA PERFEKCYJNA PRZYSZŁOŚĆ?:-)

WILL + HAVE + III FORMA

I will have finished it by Saturday.
I will not (won't) have finished it by
Saturday.
Will you have finished it by Saturday?

A KIEDY GO UŻYWAMY?

DO WESELA SIĘ ZAGOI.

To typowe zdanie właśnie w tym czasie.

On tylko tak wygląda groźnie, a w rzeczywistości ma bardzo konkretne użycie.

now wesele

DO WSKAZANEGO MOMENTU W PRZYSZŁOŚCI COŚ ZOSTANIE ZAKOŃCZONE

## FUTURE PERFECT

## PORÓWNAJMY GO Z INNYMI PERFEKCYJNYMI

Present Perfect:

They have been married for 10 years.

Future Perfect:

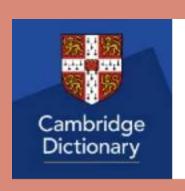
Next year they will have been married for 10 years.

Past Perfect:

When their son was born, they had been married for 10 years.

Więcej o czasie Future Perfect:

https://dictionary.cambridge.org/pl/grammar/british-grammar/future-perfect-simple-i-will-have-worked-eight-hours?q=Future+perfect+simple%3A+use



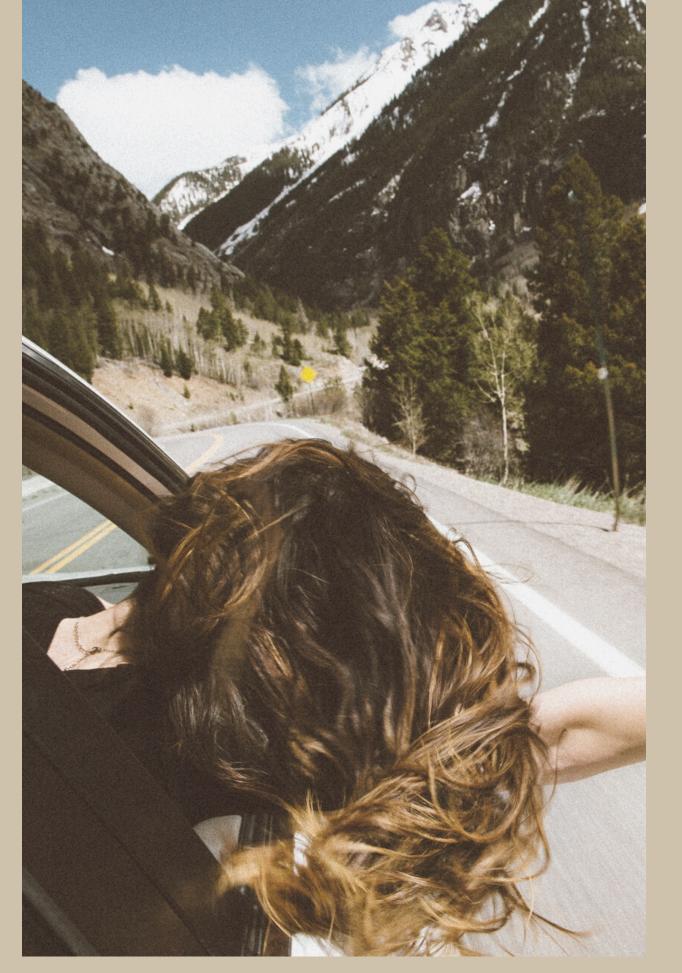
Future perfect simple ( I will have worked eight hours ) - English Grammar Today - Cambridge...

Future perfect simple ( I will have worked eight hours ) -English Grammar Today-Cambridge Dictionary- punkt...

cambridge.org







USŁYSZYSZ TRZY
NAGRANIA.
SPOŚRÓD PODANYCH
MOŻLIWOŚCI
ODPOWIEDZI WYBIERZ
WŁASCIWĄ

UWAGA! PLIKI DŹWIĘKOWE - W WYRÓŻNIONYCH RELACJACH NA INSTAGRAMIE





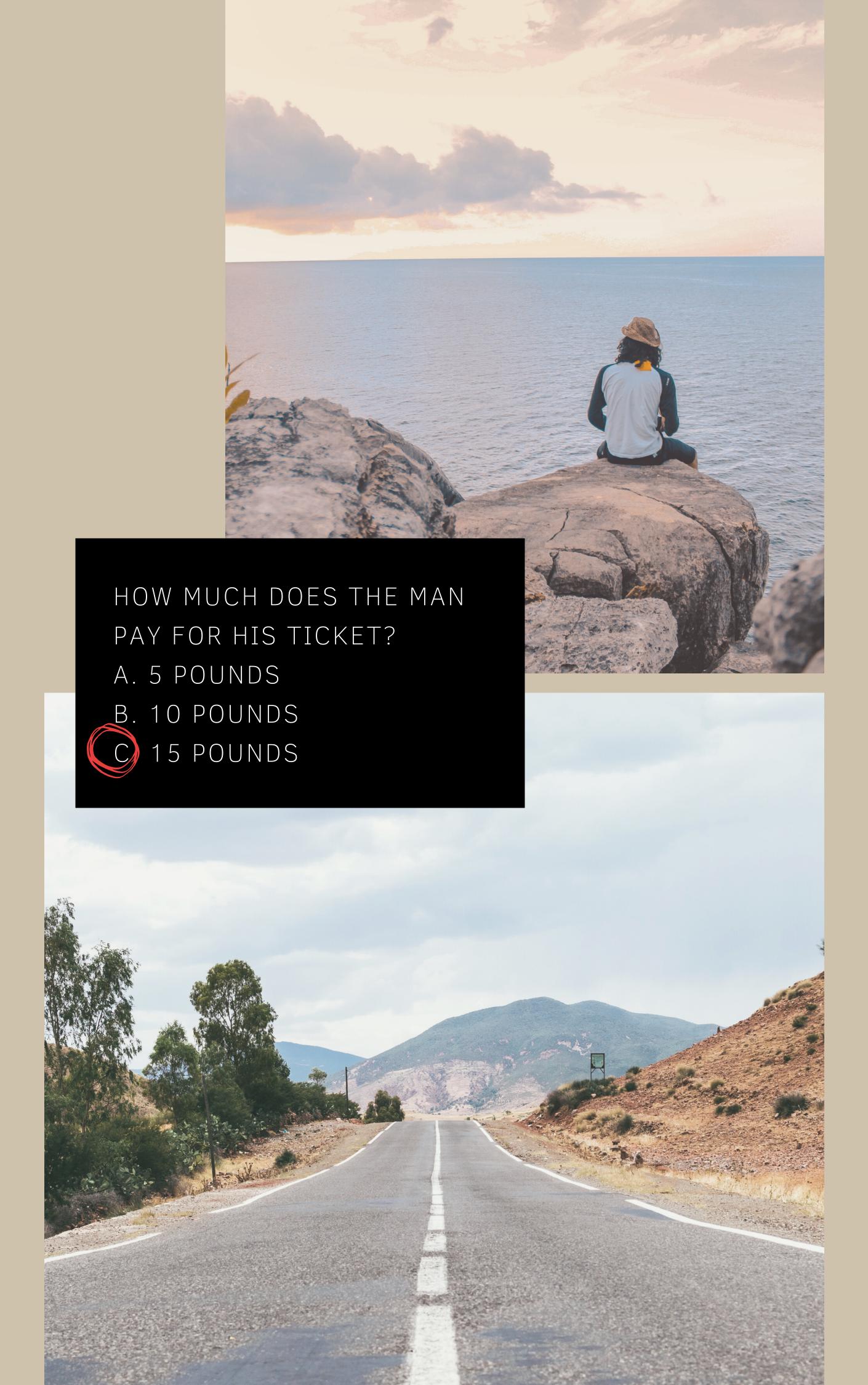
THE ANNOUNCEMENT FOR PASSENGERS ON A ......

A. CRUISE

B. BUS TOUR

C. FLIGHT





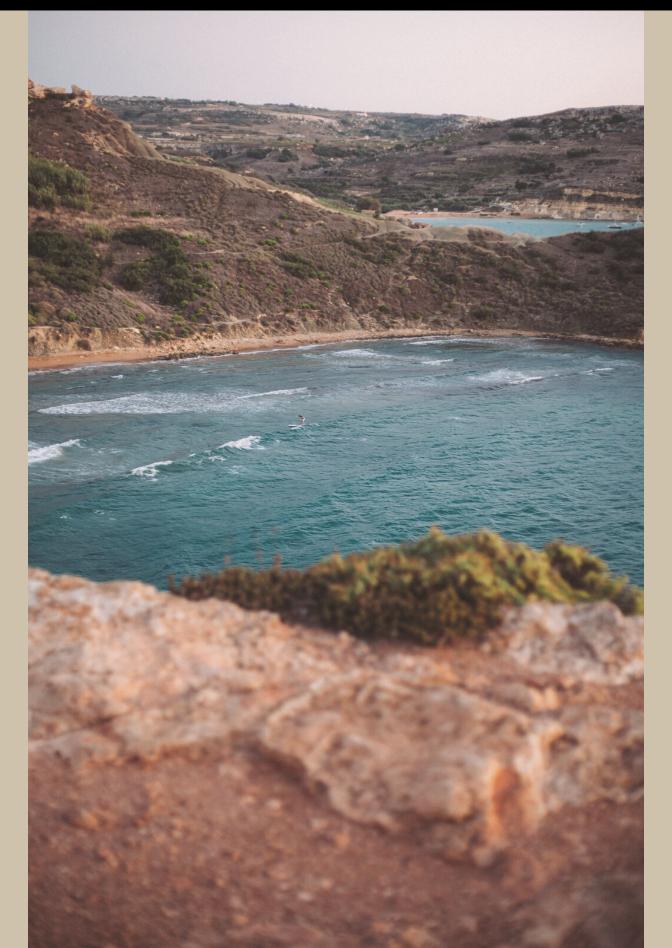


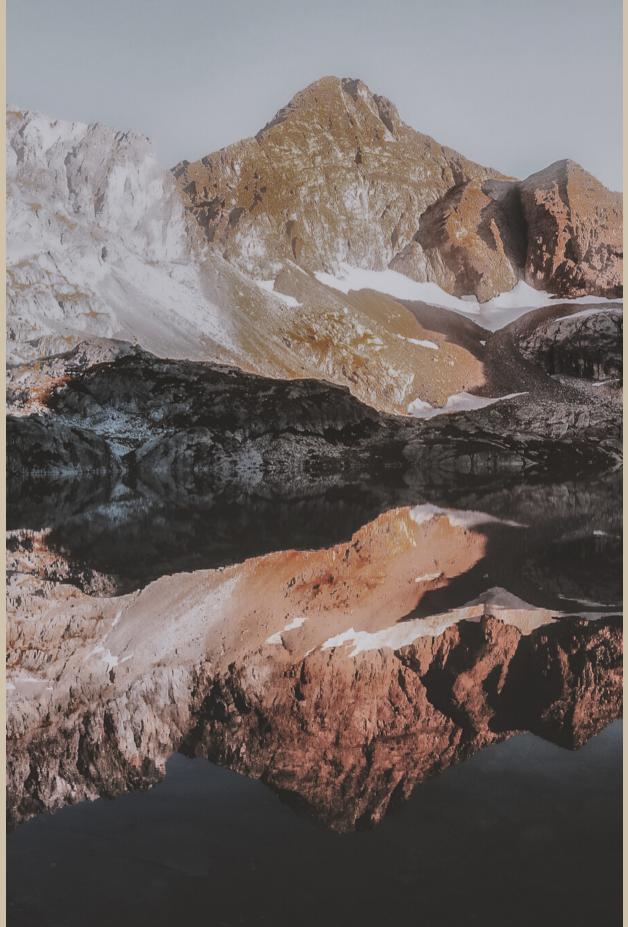
VISITORS ON THE TWO-WEEK COURSE ...

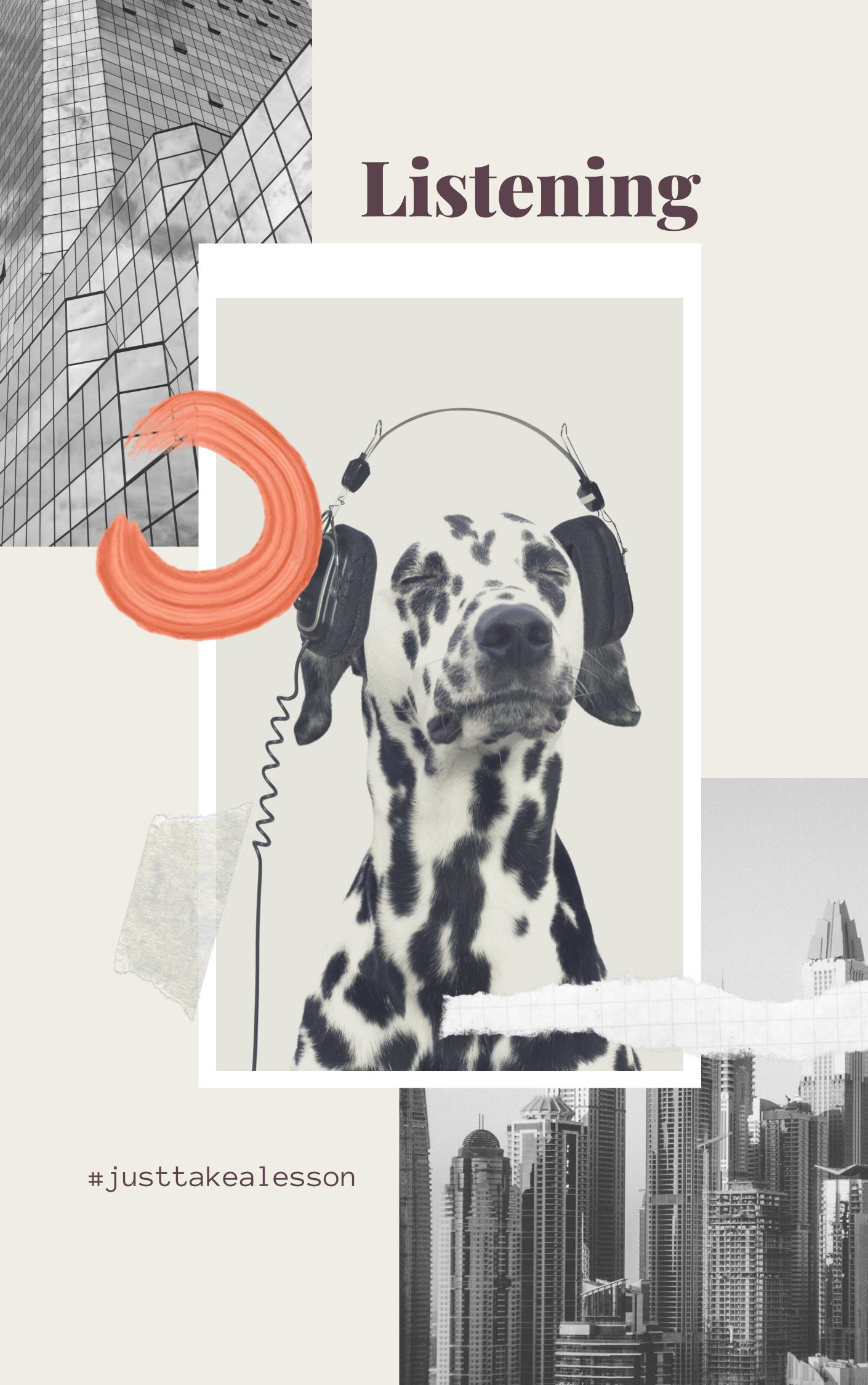
A. WILL NOT GET A CHANCE TO GO SPELUNKING

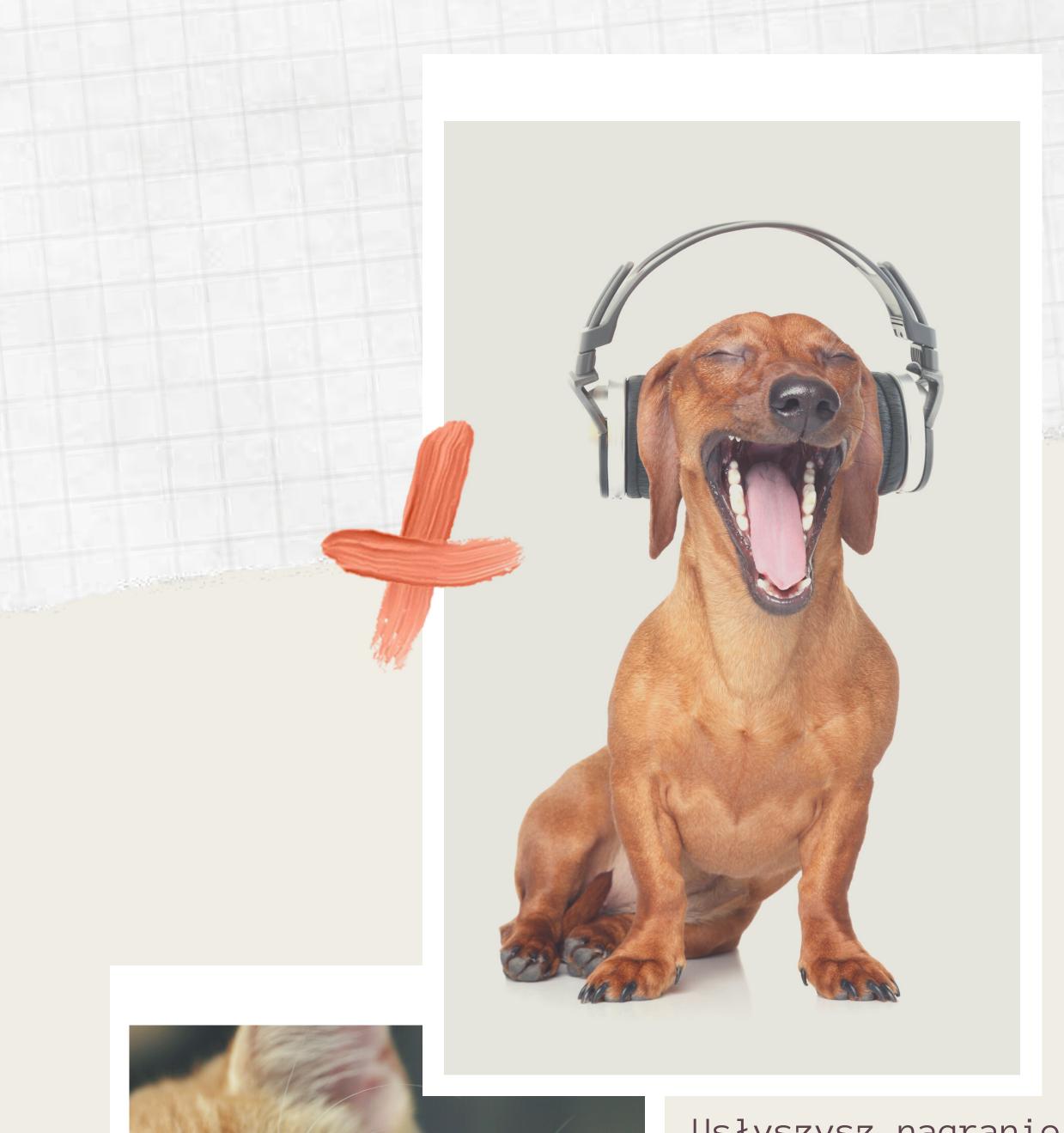
B. WILL DO EXTREME WATER SPORTS ON A LAKE

WILL GO WALKINGTHROUGH A RURAL REGION



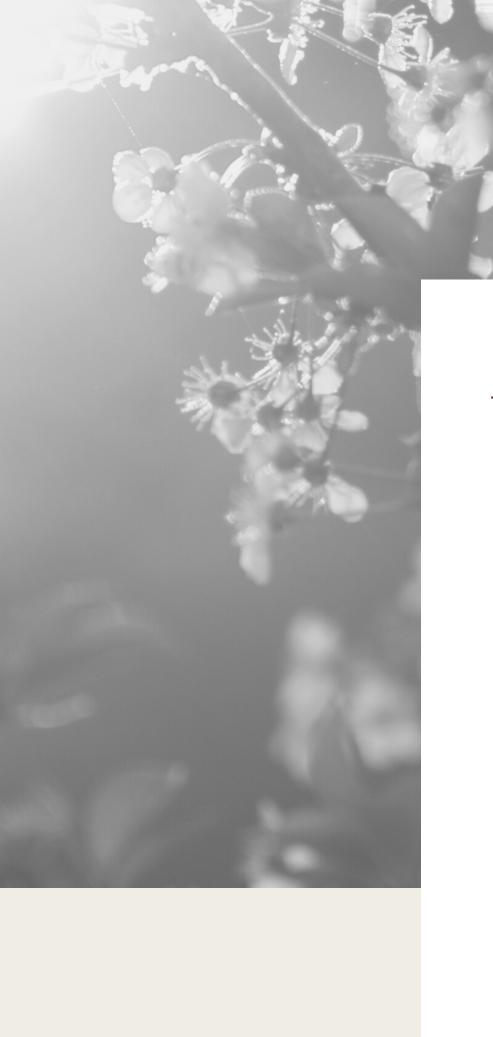






Usłyszysz nagranie wypowiedzi 4 osób, które przeżyły przygodę związaną ze zwięrzęciem. Do każdej wypowiedzi dopsuj odpowiadające jej zdanie. Jedno zdanie zostałopodane dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnej wypowiedzi.





Quiz na Instagramie jest możliwy tylko do 4 opcji, więc tyle podam za każdym razem.

A was lucky the animal changed its mind.

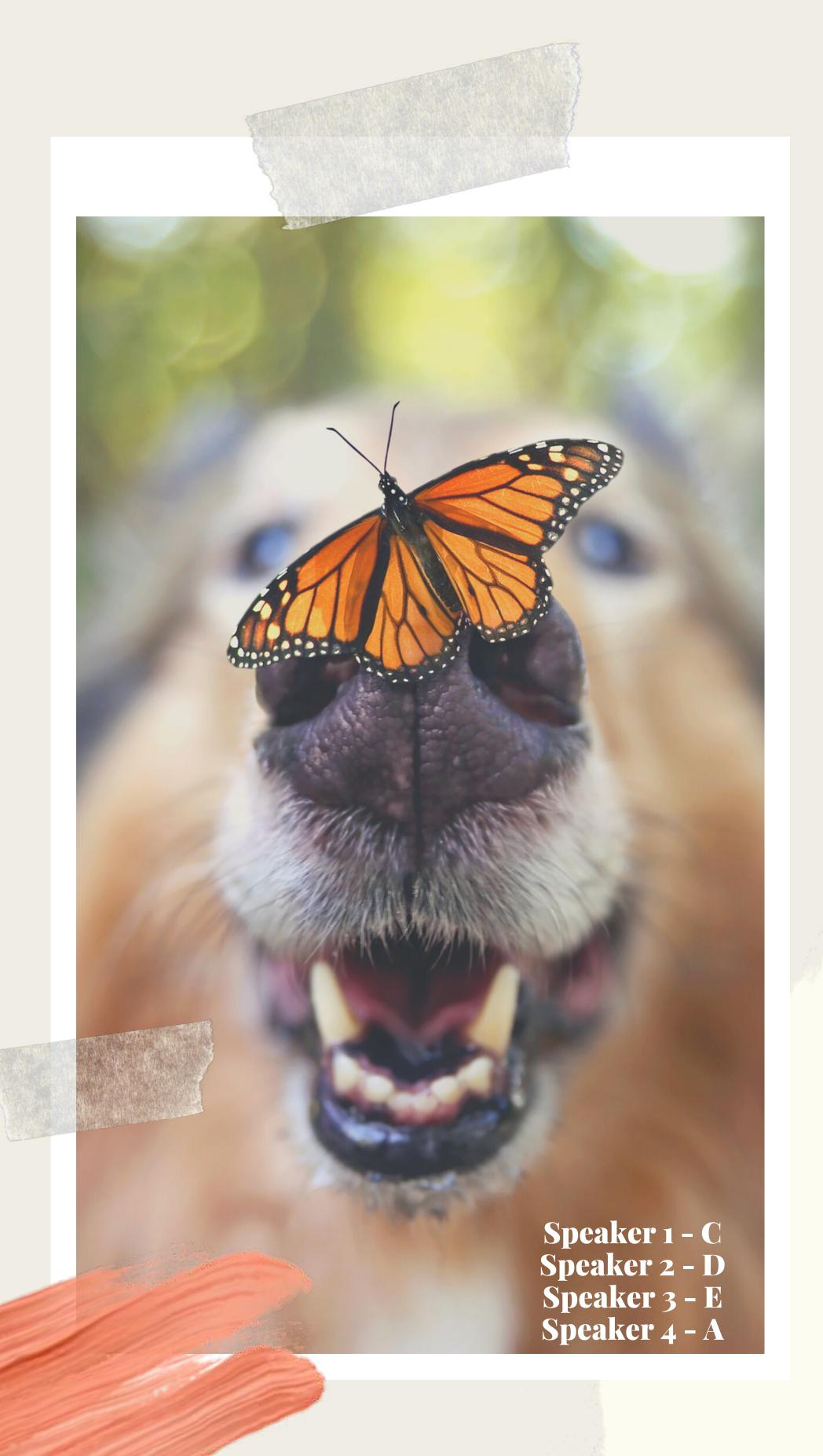
B didn't have enough time to go sightseeing

C felt grateful for one of
 the animal's senses.

D got tricked into taking a certain route.

E had not prepared themselves as they thought.





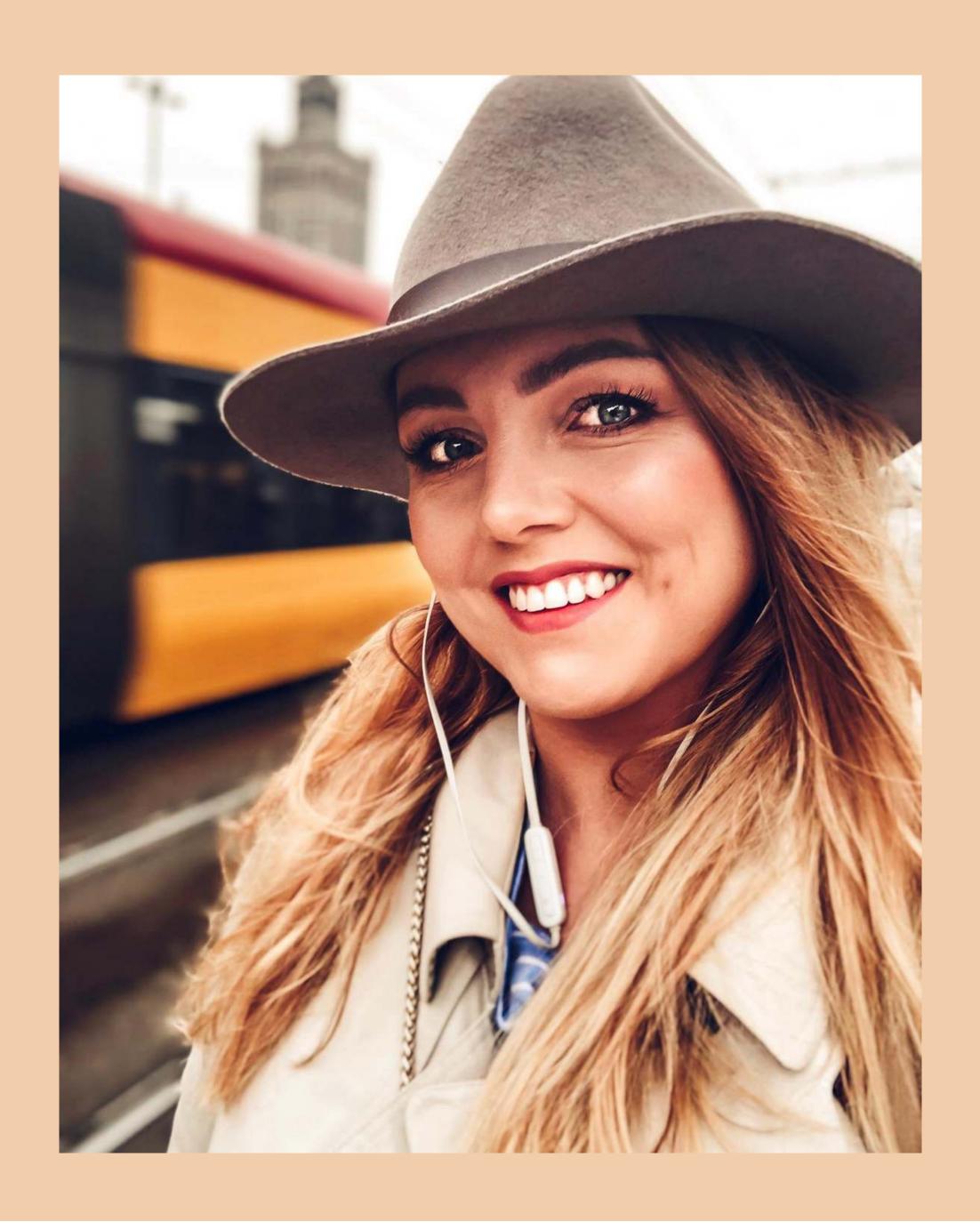
A was lucky the animal changed its mind.

B didn't have enough time to go sightseeing

C felt grateful for one of the animal's senses.

D got tricked into taking a certain route.

E had not prepared themselves as they thought.



To już koniec na dziś.

Będę wdzięczna za każdą informację zwrotną. Jednym słowem—daj proszę znać, jakie są Twoje wrażenia. Jeśli masz ochotę kupić wcześniejsze e-booki oraz video z ich objaśnieniami, zapraszam do naszego sklepu:

HTTPS://JUSTTAKEABREAK.PL/SKLEP/



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Wydanie I

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